

Narcan is short lasting and only lasts about 30-90 minutes so make sure you monitor the person for at least 3 hours

WHEN IN DOUBT GIVE NARCAN



Since Narcan blocks the opioid receptor it's possible that someone could go into severe and sudden withdrawal afterwards

FLORIDA'S GOOD SAMARITAN ACT

Protects the person experiencing the overdose and the person who makes the call from being charged with simple drug possession



COMMON MYTHS

- about overdoses
- give someone a stimulant to wake them up
- put them in a cold bath or have them walk it off
- administer IV salt water

BASIC FIRST AID STEPS

1. If you find someone unconscious try to wake them up
2. If they won't wake up call for help and follow the next steps to give Narcan while you're on the call
3. Put the person on their back
4. Give 2 rescue breaths



5. Remove the Narcan from the foil package

8. Continue Rescue Breathing (one breath every 5 seconds) or CPR if needed
3. Give a new dose of Narcan every 2-3 minutes if the person's breathing has not improved



6. Put the Narcan in the person's nostril and press the plunger
7. If you need to leave roll the person onto their side and into the Recovery Position

Contact:
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- SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS** of an opioid overdose
- slow, irregular, or no breathing
 - slow or no heartbeat
 - pale, clammy skin
 - pinpoint pupils
 - extreme drowsiness
 - unconsciousness

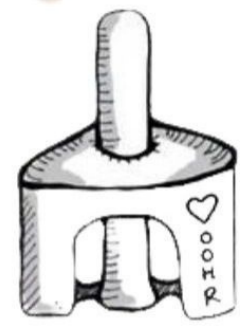
HOW IT WORKS

Narcan works by knocking the opioid molecules off the receptors in the brain and temporarily prevents them from returning which helps restore respiratory function

Narcan is a drug that can temporarily reverse the effects of an opioid overdose

Opioids are a group of drugs that are often prescribed to manage pain and include oxycodone, morphine, heroin, and fentanyl

NARCAN 101 mini zine



Overdose Recognition and Response

by: Out of Harm's Reach